



Cambridge IGCSE[™]

CANDIDATE NAME											
CENTRE NUMBER							andii Umbe	DATE ER			



MATHEMATICS

Paper 4 (Extended) October/November 2024

2 hours 30 minutes

0580/43

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: Geometrical instruments

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do not use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You should use a calculator where appropriate.
- You may use tracing paper.
- You must show all necessary working clearly.
- Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place for angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.
- For π , use either your calculator value or 3.142.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 130.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 20 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



- 1 Dinari sells fruit and vegetables.
 - (a) One day the mass of fruit and vegetables he sells is in the ratio fruit: vegetables = 9:8. He sells 48 kg of vegetables.

Find the mass of the fruit he sells.

.....kg [2]

(b) On another day he receives \$280 for the fruit and vegetables he sells. The \$280 is in the ratio fruit: vegetables = (c+3): (c-1).

Find the amount he receives from selling the fruit.

\$.....[3]

(c) In one week Dinari buys fruit and vegetables for \$1620. He sells the fruit and vegetables for \$1750.

Calculate his percentage profit.

.....% [2]

(d) In another week Dinari sells fruit and vegetables for \$1738. He makes a profit of 10%.

Calculate the amount he paid for the fruit and vegetables in that week.

\$.....[2]

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- 2 (a) A is the point (3,7) and B is the point (-1,5).
 - (i) Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line AB.

(.....) [2]

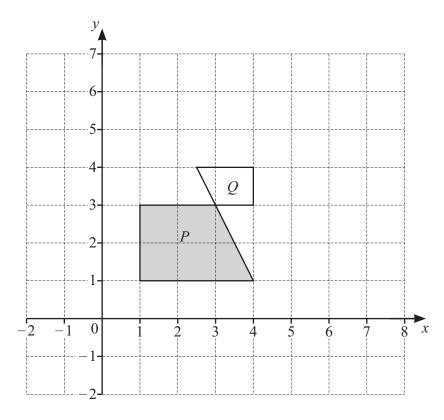
(ii) Write \overrightarrow{AB} as a column vector.

(iii) $\overrightarrow{AC} = 3\overrightarrow{BA}$

Find the coordinates of *C*.

(.....) [2

(b)



(i) Rotate shape P through 180° about the point (4, 1).

[2]

(ii) Reflect shape P in the line y = x + 2.

[2]

(iii) Describe fully the **single** transformation that maps shape P onto shape Q.

... Lo

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4

3 (a) Ed invests \$500 in an account paying r% per year simple interest. At the end of 14 years the total amount in Ed's account is \$675.

Find the value of r.

$$r = \dots [3]$$

(b) Eva invests \$400 at a rate of 2.2% per year compound interest.

Calculate the total interest earned at the end of 11 years.

\$.....[3]



(c) Erin invests \$700 at a rate of p% per **month** compound interest. At the end of 21 years the value of Erin's investment is \$1074, correct to the nearest dollar.

5

Calculate the value of p.

p =		[3]
-----	--	-----

4 (a) A box contains 50 cuboids.

Each cuboid has a mass of 135 g.

The total mass of the cuboids and the box is 7 kg.

Calculate the mass of the box. Give your answer in grams.

g [2	2
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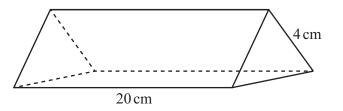
(b) A solid cube of side 4 cm is fixed to the base inside an empty cube of side 6 cm. Water is poured into the larger cube until it reaches the top of the smaller cube.

6

Calculate the amount of water poured into the larger cube.

..... cm³ [2]





NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a solid triangular prism of length $20 \,\mathrm{cm}$. The cross-section is an equilateral triangle with side length $4 \,\mathrm{cm}$. The prism is made of wood with a density of $0.85 \,\mathrm{g/cm}^3$.

Calculate the mass of the prism.

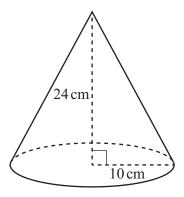
 $[Density = mass \div volume]$







(d)



NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a solid cone with base radius 10 cm and height 24 cm.

(i) Show that the **total** surface area of the cone is 1131 cm^2 , correct to the nearest cm². [The curved surface area of a cone with base radius r and slant height l is $A = \pi r l$.]

7

[4]

- (ii) The total surface area of the cone is painted.
 - (a) The cost to paint the cone is \$1.71.

Calculate the cost to paint 1 cm² of the cone. Give your answer in cents.

..... cents [1]

(b) One tin of paint has enough paint to cover 2.5 m².

Calculate the number of these cones that can be painted completely using one tin of paint.

.....[2]

5 (a) Naomi runs 100 m in 15 seconds.

Calculate Naomi's average speed in kilometres per hour.

km/h	[2]

(b) Olav runs for 45 minutes at a speed of 9.5 km/h. He then runs 8.1 km at a speed of 7.5 km/h.

Calculate Olav's average speed for the whole run.

km/h [3

(c) A train has length p metres.

The train passes through a station of length q metres.

The speed of the train is v kilometres per hour.

Find an expression for the time the train takes to completely pass through the station. Give your answer in seconds, in terms of p, q and v.

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6 (a) Simplify $\frac{24u}{5y} \times \frac{10}{3u}$.

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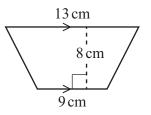
(b) Expand and simplify (x-1)(x+2)(x+3).

(c) Solve the equation $2x^2 + x - 5 = 0$. You must show all your working and give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

$$x = \dots$$
 or $x = \dots$ [4]



7 (a) (i)



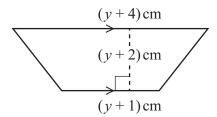
10

NOT TO SCALE

Calculate the area of the trapezium.

..... cm² [2]

(ii)



NOT TO SCALE

The area of this trapezium is 264 cm².

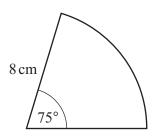
(a) Show that $2y^2 + 9y - 518 = 0$.

[3]

(b) Solve $2y^2 + 9y - 518 = 0$ by factorisation to find the value of y.

 $y = \dots [3]$

11



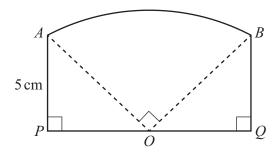
NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a sector of a circle with radius 8 cm and angle 75°.

Find the perimeter of the sector.

......cm [3]

(c)



NOT TO SCALE

The diagram shows a shape ABQP made from three straight lines and an arc of a sector of a circle. The sector has centre O and angle 90° .

POQ is a straight line and AP = PO = OQ = QB = 5 cm.

Find the area of ABQP.

Give your answer in the form $a+k\pi$.

..... cm² [4]

8 Guillaume measures the speed of each of 100 cars. The results are shown in the table.

Speed (v km/h)	$30 < v \leqslant 40$	40 < v ≤ 45	$45 < v \leqslant 50$	$50 < v \leqslant 70$
Frequency	15	20	35	30

(a) Guillaume draws a pie chart for this data.

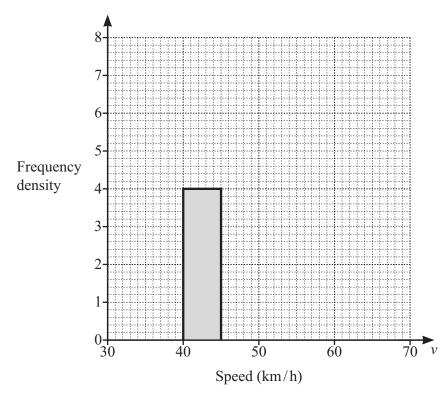
Calculate the angle for the interval $45 < v \le 50$.

.....[2]

(b) Calculate an estimate of the mean speed.

.....km/h [4]

(c) Complete the histogram to show the data in the table.



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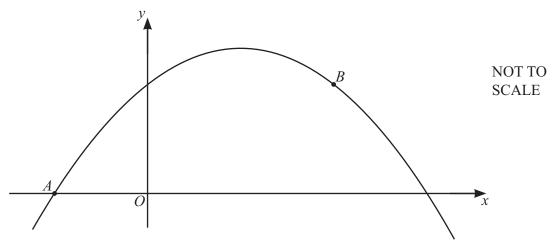
13



Αb	ag co	ontains 5 white balls and 3 black balls.		
(a)	(i)	Marwan picks a ball from the bag at random and then rep	laces it.	
		Find the probability that the ball is white.		
				[1]
	(ii)	Naomi picks a ball from the bag at random and then repla She repeats this 120 times.	aces it.	
		Find the number of times the ball is expected to be white.		
				[1]
(b)		ar picks a ball from the bag at random. replaces it and then picks a second ball from the bag at random.	dom.	
	(i)	Find the probability that the balls are the same colour.		
				[3]
	(ii)	Find the probability that the balls are not the same colour.		
				Г11
(-)	D'-			[1]
(c)	Priy	va picks 3 of the 8 balls from the bag at random without rep	placement.	
	Fine	d the probability that she picks two white balls and one blace	ck ball.	



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14

The diagram shows a sketch of the graph of $y = 3 + 2x - x^2$. A is the point (-1,0) and B is the point (2,3).

(a) Find the derivative of $3+2x-x^2$.

.....[2]

(b) (i) Show that the equation of the tangent at A is y = 4x + 4.

[3]

(ii) The line L is perpendicular to the line y = 4x + 4. The line L passes through the point B.

Find the equation of the line *L*. Give your answer in the form y = mx + c.



(c) Find the coordinates of the maximum point on the graph of $y = 3 + 2x - x^2$.

15

(.....) [3]

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11

$$f(x) = 2x + 5$$

$$g(x) = 1 - 2x$$

$$h(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}, x \neq -1$$
 $j(x) = 2^x$

$$j(x) = 2^x$$

(a) Find g(-3).

(b) Find f(x)g(x) + fg(x) + 1. Give your answer in its simplest form.

(c) Find $g^{-1}(x)$.

$$g^{-1}(x) = \dots [2]$$

(d) Find hh(1).

(e) Simplify $\frac{1}{f(x)} - h(x)$.

Give your answer as a single fraction in its simplest form.

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(f) Find *x* when $j(x) = \frac{1}{32}$.

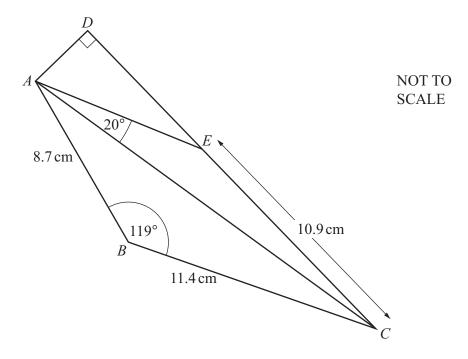
$$x = \dots$$
 [1]

(g) Find *x* when $j^{-1}(x) = 0$.

$$x = \dots$$
 [1]



L



ABCD is a quadrilateral and E is a point on CD. AB = 8.7 cm, BC = 11.4 cm and CE = 10.9 cm. Angle $ADE = 90^{\circ}$, angle $ABC = 119^{\circ}$ and angle $CAE = 20^{\circ}$.

(a) Show that AC = 17.37 cm, correct to 2 decimal places.

[3]

(b) Angle AEC is obtuse.

Calculate angle ACE.

Angle
$$ACE = \dots$$
 [4]

(c) Calculate the perimeter of quadrilateral ABCD.

..... cm [3]

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